Growing Prosperity

Developing Repeatable Models to Scale the Adoption of Agricultural Innovations

Excerpt of Findings and Recommendations May 2015

BAIN & COMPANY

ACUMEN

What drives adoption?

What should organisations do?

How can they scale to reach more farmers?

What should other actors do?

So what did we aim to figure out



We focused on these organisations...

We spoke to the customers



4A's of adoption



Advantage What drives adoption?



More than **60% of farmers cited wealth increase** as the primary reason for adoption

80% of farmers first trialled a product or service on a portion of their land (typically <50%) to directly observe the advantage

Wealth increase	Risk mitigation	Better/ timely service	Access to purchasers	Provided training

Awareness



>65% of **early adopters** heard about a product or service **from a company official**

This drops to 28% for **late adopters**, most of whom get the information **from friends and relatives**

Importance of **technical knowledge** ('how to use')

Leverage promoters

Awareness



FACTOR	MORE LIKELY TO SUCCEED	LESS LIKELY TO SUCCEED	
Asset to be financed	Productive	Non-productive	
Land Ownership (as proof of residence)	Owned	Not Owned	
Attitude towards agriculture	Business opportunity	Subsistence	
Willingness to work in groups	High	Low	
Commitment to weekly meeting attendance	High	Low	
Ability to save 15% of loan amount	Yes	No	

Juhudi Kilimo targeted farmers likely to succeed so they would become early adopters



Low absolute price is crucial

Need to be available at that price **when farmers have money** in their pockets

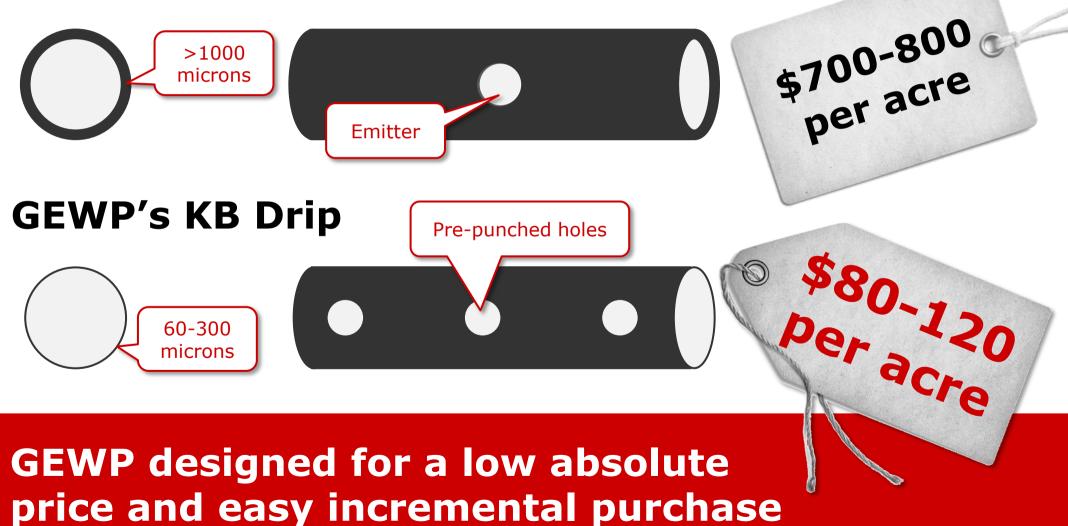
Financing is often required given cyclical cash flows

Affordabhilty & financing

Affordability It's cheaper...



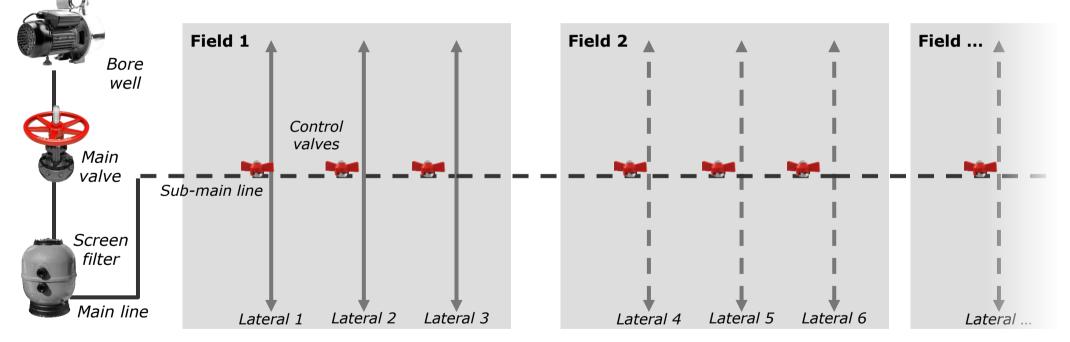
Traditional System



Affordability It's cheaper... ...and more flexible

Phase 1: initial installation

Phase 2: incremental expansion



GEWP designed for a low absolute price and easy incremental purchase



Importance of 'last mile access' depends on farmers' purchasing habits and transport constraints

Timing is critical – product must be available when needed based on crop or livestock cycle

Buildess match the need



ACCESS A range of distribution formats can reach smallholder farmers

Achieving sustainable scale is hard

Of 100 pioneer firms

focused on selling to or buying from smallholder farmers in South Asia and sub-Saharan Africa, we found

<5% with more than 250,000 customers or 25,000 suppliers in a single year

Repeatable models are key to achieving 'good scale'

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